CHAPTER 16

NEGOTIATIONS, IMPASSE PROCEDURES AND COMPULSORY INTEREST ARBITRATION OF LABOR DISPUTES IN PUBLIC FIRE AND POLICE DEPARTMENTS

Authority

N.J.S.A. 34:13A-6(b), 34:13A-5.4(e), 34:13A-11 and 34:13A-16.5.

Source and Effective Date

R.2001 d.215, effective June 4, 2001. See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

Executive Order No. 66(1978) Expiration Date

Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, expires on June 4, 2006.

Chapter Historical Note

Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was filed and became effective prior to September 1, 1969. Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was repealed by R.1977 d.272. See: 9 N.J.R. 298(a), 9 N.J.R. 448(a), effective August 2, 1977. Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was adopted as new rules by R.1977 d.349, effective September 16, 1977. See: 9 N.J.R. 350(a), 9 N.J.R. 497(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was readopted as R.1986 d.355, effective August 7, 1986. See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was readopted as R.1991 d.425, effective July 17, 1991. See: 23 N.J.R. 1296(b), 23 N.J.R. 2525(a). Subchapter 8, Appeals, was adopted as R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was readopted as R.1996 d.365, effective July 12, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a). Pursuant to Executive Order No. 66(1978), Chapter 16, Negotiations, Impasse Procedures and Compulsory Interest Arbitration of Labor Disputes in Public Fire and Police Departments, was readopted as R.2001 d.215, effective June 4, 2001. See: Source and Effective Date. See, also, section annotations.

CHAPTER TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUBCHAPTER 1. PURPOSE OF PROCEDURES

19:16-1.1 Purpose of procedures

SUBCHAPTER 2. COMMENCEMENT OF NEGOTIATIONS

19:16-2.1 Commencement of negotiations

| SUBCHAPTER 3 | 3. | MEDIATION |
|--------------|------------|--------------|
| 19:16-3.1 | Initiation | of mediation |

19:16-3.2 Appointment of a mediator

19:16-3.3 Mediator's function

19:16-3.4 Mediator's confidentiality

19:16-3.5 Mediator's report

FACT-FINDING

SUBCHAPTER 4.

| 19:16-4.1 | Initiation of fact-finding | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 19:16-4.2 | Appointment of a fact-finder | | | | |
| 19:16-4.3 | Fact-finder's function | | | | |
| SUBCHAPTE | R 5. COMPULSORY INTEREST ARBITRATION | | | | |
| 19:16-5.1 | Scope of compulsory interest arbitration | | | | |
| 19:16-5.2 | Initiation of compulsory interest arbitration | | | | |
| 19:16-5.3 | Contents of the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration; proof of service | | | | |
| 19:16-5.4 | Notification of terminal procedure requirement | | | | |
| 19:16-5.5 | Response to the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration | | | | |
| 19:16-5.6 | Appointment of an arbitrator or panel of arbitrators | | | | |
| 19:16-5.7 | Conduct of the arbitration proceeding | | | | |
| 19:16-5.8 | Stenographic record | | | | |
| 19:16-5.9 | Opinion and award | | | | |
| 19:16-5.10 | Code of Professional Responsibility for Arbitrators of Labor-Management Disputes | | | | |
| 19:16-5.11 | Cost of arbitration | | | | |
| 19:16-5.12 | Fees for filing and processing interest arbitration petitions | | | | |
| 19:16-5.13 | Fees for appealing and cross-appealing interest arbitration awards and requests for special permission to appeal interlocutory rulings or orders | | | | |
| 19:16-5.14 | Comparability guidelines | | | | |
| 19:16-5.15 | Standards for appointment and reappointment to the special panel | | | | |
| 19:16-5.16 | Suspension, removal or discipline of members of the special panel | | | | |
| 19:16-5.17 | Interlocutory rulings; appeal on special permission | | | | |
| SUBCHAPTE | R 6. DETERMINATION OF DISPUTES OVER ISSUE DEFINITION | | | | |
| 19:16-6.1 | Purpose of procedure | | | | |
| 19:16-6.2 | Procedure | | | | |
| CHDCHADTE | D 7 EARLINE TO CHEMIT A NOTICE OF OTHER DOCUMENT | | | | |

SUBCHAPTER 7. FAILURE TO SUBMIT A NOTICE OR OTHER DOCUMENT

19:16-7.1 Failure to submit a notice or other document

SUBCHAPTER 8. APPEALS

19:16-8.1 Appeals and cross-appeals

19:16-8.2 Oral argument

19:16-8.3 Action by the Commission

SUBCHAPTER 1. PURPOSE OF PROCEDURES

19:16-1.1 Purpose of procedures

- (a) The rules of this chapter provide for implementation of the Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act, P.L. 1995, c.425, an Act which provides for compulsory interest arbitration of labor disputes in public fire and police departments and supplements the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act, as amended N.J.S.A. 34:13A-1.1 et seq.
- (b) N.J.S.A. 34:13A-5.4(e) provides that the Commission shall adopt such rules as may be required to regulate the time of commencement of negotiations and of institution of

impasse procedures, and section 8 of the Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act provides that the Commission shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of that Act. Further, N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(a) and (b) provide that whenever negotiations between a public fire or police department and an exclusive representative concerning the terms and conditions of employment shall reach an impasse, the Commission is empowered upon the request of either party or upon its own motion to provide mediation to effect a voluntary resolution of the impasse, and in the event of a failure to resolve the impasse by mediation, to invoke fact-finding with recommendations for settlement at the request of either party.

- (c) Additionally, the act provides for the submission of issues in dispute either to a mutually agreed and approved final and binding arbitration procedure or conventional arbitration, as set forth in N.J.S.A. 34:13A- 16d(2).
- (d) Accordingly, the provisions of this chapter establish a mandatory time period for the commencement of negotiations and for institution of impasse procedures, including compulsory interest arbitration of unresolved impasses and appeals of arbitration awards. Also provided is a procedure for Commission determination of disputes regarding the identification of issues as economic or non-economic.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Added references to the Act and in (d) inserted "and appeals of arbitration awards".

Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

In (c), substituted "conventional arbitration, as" for "the final offer procedure".

SUBCHAPTER 2. COMMENCEMENT OF NEGOTIATIONS

19:16-2.1 Commencement of negotiations

- agreement, or in the case of an agreed reopener provision, shall commence negotiations pursuant to such reopener provision, at least 120 days prior to the day on which their collective negotiations agreement is to expire. The parties shall meet at least three times during that 120-day period. The first of those three meetings shall take place no later than the 90th day prior to the day on which their collective negotiations agreement is to expire. By mutual consent, the parties may agree to extend the period during which the second and third meetings are required to take place beyond the day on which their collective negotiations agreement is to expire. A violation of these requirements shall constitute an unfair practice and the violator shall be subject to an interim relief order requiring such negotiations and any other relief the Commission deems appropriate. The foregoing provisions shall not preclude the parties from agreeing to the automatic renewal of a collective negotiations agreement unless either party shall have notified the other party of its intention to terminate or modify the agreement.
- (b) The party initiating negotiations shall, no later than 15 days prior to the commencement date of negotiations required by this subchapter, notify the other party in writing of its intention to commence negotiations on such date, and shall simultaneously file with the Commission a copy of such notification. Forms for filing such petitions will be supplied upon request. Address such requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, PO Box 429, Trenton, NJ 08625-0429.
- (c) Nothing in this subchapter shall be construed to abrogate or alter obligations of parties to newly established collective negotiations relationships, whether created by recognition or by certification.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Rewrote (a).

SUBCHAPTER 3. MEDIATION

19:16-3.1 Initiation of mediation

- (a) In the event that a public employer and an exclusive employee representative have failed to achieve an agreement through direct negotiations, either the public employer, the employee representative, or the parties jointly, may notify the Director of Conciliation, in writing, of the existence of an impasse and request the appointment of a mediator. An original and four copies of such notification and request shall be filed, and shall be signed and dated and shall contain the following information:
- 1. The name and address of the public employer that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the public employer;
- 2. The name and address of the exclusive representative that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the employee representative;
- 3. A description of the collective negotiations unit, including the approximate number of employees in the unit;
 - 4. The dates and duration of negotiations sessions;
 - 5. The termination date of the current agreement, if any;
 - 6. The public employer's required budget submission date;
 - 7. Whether the request is a joint request;
- 8. A detailed statement of the facts giving rise to the request, including all issues in dispute, identifying the issues as economic or non-economic within the meaning of $N.J.S.A.\ 34:13A-16(f)(2)$; and
- 9. A statement as to whether a dispute exists as to the negotiability of any of the unresolved issues.
- (b) A blank form for filing a request for mediation will be supplied upon request. Address requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, PO Box 429, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0429.
- (c) Upon receipt of the notification and request, the Director of Conciliation shall appoint a mediator if he or she determines after investigation that mediation is not being resorted to prematurely, that the parties have been unable to reach an agreement through direct negotiations, and that an impasse exists in negotiations.
- (d) The Commission or the Director of Conciliation may also initiate mediation at any time in the absence of a request in the event of the existence of an impasse.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-3.2 Appointment of a mediator

The mediator appointed pursuant to the subchapter may be a member of the Commission, an officer of the Commission, a member of the Commission's mediation panel, or any other appointee, all of whom shall be considered officers of the Commission for the purpose of assisting the parties to effect a voluntary settlement. The parties may jointly request the appointment of a particular mediator, but the Director of Conciliation shall have the authority to appoint a mediator without regard to the parties' joint request. If an appointed mediator cannot proceed pursuant to the appointment, another mediator shall be appointed. The appointment of a mediator pursuant to this subchapter shall not be reviewable in any other proceeding before the Commission.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-3.3 Mediator's function

The function of a mediator shall be to assist the parties to reach a voluntary agreement. A mediator may hold separate or joint conferences as he or she deems expedient to effect a voluntary, amicable and expeditious adjustment and settlement of the differences and issues between the parties.

19:16-3.4 Mediator's confidentiality

Information disclosed by a party to a mediator in the performance of mediation functions shall not be divulged voluntarily or by compulsion. All files, records, reports, documents or other papers received or prepared by a mediator while serving in such capacity shall be classified as confidential. The mediator shall not produce any confidential records of, or testify in regard to, any mediation conducted by him or her, on behalf of any party in any type of proceeding, under the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act, as amended, including, but not limited to, unfair practice proceedings under N.J.A.C. 19:14.

Amended by R.1991 d.425, effective August 19, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 1296(b), 23 N.J.R. 2525(a).

Reference to the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act added.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-3.5 Mediator's report

- (a) The mediator shall submit one or more confidential reports to the Director of Conciliation which shall, in general, be limited to the following:
- 1. A statement of the dates and duration of the meetings which have been held and their participants;
- 2. A brief description of the unresolved issues which existed at the beginning of the mediation effort;
- 3. A statement of the issues which have been resolved through mediation;
 - 4. A statement of the issues which are still unresolved if

any; and

5. A statement setting forth any other relevant information in connection with the mediator's involvement in the performance of his or her functions.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

SUBCHAPTER 4. FACT-FINDING

19:16-4.1 Initiation of fact-finding

- (a) If the parties fail to resolve the impasse through mediation, the public employer, the employee representative, or the parties jointly may request the Director of Conciliation, in writing, to invoke fact-finding and upon receipt of such request, fact-finding with recommendations for settlement shall be invoked. An original and four copies of such request shall be filed with the Director of Conciliation, together with proof of service upon the other party. The request shall be signed and dated and shall contain the following information:
- 1. The name and address of the public employer that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the public employer;
- 2. The name and address of the exclusive representative that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the exclusive representative;
- 3. A description of the collective negotiations unit, including the approximate number of employees in the unit;
 - 4. The name of the mediator:
 - 5. The number and duration of mediation sessions;
 - 6. The date of the last mediation effort:
 - 7. The termination date of the current agreement, if any;
 - 8. The public employer's required budget submission date;
 - 9. Whether the request is a joint request;

- 10. A detailed statement of the facts giving rise to the request, including all issues in dispute, identifying the issues as economic or non-economic within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)(2); and
- 11. A statement as to whether a dispute exists as to the negotiability of any of the unresolved issues.
- (b) A blank form for filing a request for fact-finding will be supplied upon request. Address requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, PO Box 429, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0429.
- (c) In the absence of a joint request seeking the invocation of fact-finding, the non-filing party may submit a statement or response within seven days of receipt of the request for fact-finding, setting forth the following:
- 1. Any additional unresolved issues to be submitted to the fact-finder;
- 2. A statement as to whether it disputes the identification of any issues as economic or non-economic:
- 3. A statement as to whether it refuses to submit any of the issues listed on the request to fact-finding on the ground that such issue is not within the required scope of negotiations; and
- 4. Any other relevant information with respect to the nature of the impasse.
- (d) Proof of service on the petitioner of the respondent's statement shall be supplied to the Director of Conciliation. If a party has not submitted a response within the time specified, it shall be deemed to have agreed to the invocation of fact-finding as submitted by the requesting party.
- (e) Where a dispute exists with regard to whether an unresolved issue is within the required scope of negotiations, the party asserting that an issue is not within the required scope of negotiations shall file with the Commission a petition for scope of negotiations determination pursuant to chapter 13 of these rules. This petition must be filed within 10 days of receipt of the request for fact-finding or within five days after receipt of the response to a request for fact-finding. The failure of a party to file a petition for scope of negotiations determination shall be deemed to constitute an agreement to submit all unresolved issues to fact-finding.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-4.2 Appointment of a fact-finder

(a) Upon the invocation of fact-finding pursuant to this subchapter, the Director of Conciliation shall communicate simultaneously to each party an identical list of names of three fact-finders. Each party shall eliminate no more than one name to which it objects, indicate the order of its preference regarding the remaining names, and communicate the foregoing to the Director of Conciliation no later than the close of business on the third working day after the date the list was submitted to the parties. If a party has not responded within the time specified, all names submitted shall be deemed acceptable. The Director of Conciliation shall appoint a fact-finder giving recognition to the parties' preferences. The parties may jointly request the appointment of a particular fact-finder, including the person who was appointed as mediator, if

any. Notwithstanding these provisions, the Director of Conciliation shall have the express reserved authority to appoint a fact-finder without the submission of names to the parties whenever he or she deems it necessary to effectuate the purposes of the Act.

(b) The fact-finder appointed pursuant to this subchapter may be a member of the Commission, an officer of the Commission, a member of the Commission's fact-finding panel, or any other appointee, all of whom shall be considered officers of the Commission for the purposes of assisting the parties to effect a voluntary settlement and/or making findings of fact and recommending the terms of settlement. If an appointed fact-finder cannot proceed pursuant to the appointment, another fact-finder shall be appointed. The appointment of a fact-finder pursuant to this subchapter shall not be reviewable by the Commission.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-4.3 Fact-finder's function

- (a) The appointed fact-finder shall, as soon as possible after appointment, meet with the parties or their representatives, make inquiries and investigations, hold hearings, which shall not be public unless all parties agree to have them public, or take other steps deemed appropriate in order to discharge the function of the fact-finder.
- (b) For the purpose of such hearings, investigations and inquiries, the fact-finder shall have the authority and power to subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony or deposition of any person under oath, and in connection therewith, to issue subpoenas duces tecum and require the production and examination of any governmental or other books or papers relating to any matter under investigation by or in issue before the fact-finder.
- (c) Information disclosed by a party to a fact-finder while functioning in a mediatory capacity shall not be divulged by the fact-finder voluntarily or by compulsion. All files, records, reports, documents or other papers received or prepared by a fact-finder while serving in a mediatory capacity shall be classified as confidential. The fact-finder shall not produce any confidential records of, or testify in regard to, any mediation conducted by him or her, on behalf of any party in any type of proceeding under the New Jersey Employer- Employee Relations Act, as amended, including, but not limited to, unfair practice proceedings under N.J.A.C. 19:14.
- (d) If the impasse is not resolved during fact-finding, the fact-finder shall make findings of fact and recommend the terms of settlement as soon after the conclusion of the process as possible.
- (e) Any findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement shall be limited to those issues that are within the required scope of negotiations, unless the parties have agreed to submit issues to the fact-finder which involved permissive subjects of negotiations.
- (f) Any findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement shall be submitted simultaneously in writing to the parties privately and to the Director of Conciliation.
- (g) The parties shall meet within five days after receipt of the fact-finder's findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement, to exchange statements of position and to have an opportunity to reach an agreement.

Amended by R.1991 d.425, effective August 19, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 1296(b), 23 N.J.R. 2525(a).

Reference to the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act added.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

SUBCHAPTER 5. COMPULSORY INTEREST ARBITRATION

19:16-5.1 Scope of compulsory interest arbitration

The provisions in this subchapter relate to notification requirements, compulsory interest arbitration proceedings and the designation of arbitrators to resolve impasses in collective negotiations involving public employers and exclusive employee representatives of public fire and police departments.

19:16-5.2 Initiation of compulsory interest arbitration; motion to dismiss

- (a) Compulsory interest arbitration may be initiated through appropriate utilization of any of the following:
- 1. In the event of a continuing impasse following receipt of a fact-finder's findings of fact and recommended terms of settlement, a petition requesting that an impasse be resolved through compulsory interest arbitration may be filed by an employee representative and/or public employer. Forms for filing such petitions will be supplied upon request. Address such requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, PO Box 429, Trenton, NJ 08625-0429.
- 2. On or after the date on which their collective negotiations agreement expires, and notwithstanding N.J.A.C. 19:16-3.1 and 4.1, either party may file a petition with the Director of Arbitration requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration.
- 3. On or after the expiration of a collective negotiations agreement, in the event of an impasse and notwithstanding the failure of either party to initiate impasse procedures or compulsory interest arbitration, the Commission or the Director of Arbitration may invoke compulsory interest arbitration.
- (b) A non-petitioning party may, within 14 days of receiving the Director of Arbitration's notice of filing, N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.3, file a motion to dismiss the petition on the grounds that the unit is not entitled to compulsory arbitration under N.J.S.A. 34:13A-15. The motion shall be filed with the Chair, who may refer it to the Commission or a Commission designee. Absent an extension of time, the filing of a motion to dismiss shall not toll the time periods set forth in N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.5.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a). Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

19:16-5.3 Contents of the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration; proof of service; notice of filing

- (a) An original and four copies of a petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration shall be filed with the Director of Arbitration. This document shall be signed and dated and contain the following information:
- 1. Name and address of the public employer that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the public employer;
- 2. Name and address of the exclusive representative that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the exclusive representative;
- 3. A description of the collective negotiations unit and the approximate number of employees involved;
- 4. A statement as to whether either party has previously requested mediation, whether a mediator has been appointed, the name of the mediator, and the dates and duration of mediation sessions, if any;
- 5. A statement as to whether fact-finding with recommendations for settlement has been invoked, whether a fact-finder has been appointed, and whether a fact-finding report and recommendations have been issued, and the date of such report, if any;
 - 6. The termination date of the current agreement, if any;
 - 7. The required budget submission date of the public employer;
 - 8. Whether the request is a joint request;
- 9. A statement indicating which issues are in dispute, identifying the issues as economic or non-economic within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)(2); and
- 10. A statement as to whether a dispute exists as to the negotiability of any of the unresolved issues.
- (b) In the absence of a joint petition, the petitioner shall file proof of service of a copy of the petition on the other party.
- (c) In the absence of a joint petition, the Director of Arbitration shall, upon receipt of the petition, send a notice of filing to the non-petitioning party advising it of the time period for responding to the petition.

Recodified from 19:16-5.4 and amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a). Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

- (a) Within 17 days after the filing of a joint petition or the receipt of the notice of filing by the non-petitioning party, the parties shall notify the Director of Arbitration as to whether or not they have agreed upon a terminal procedure which provides for finality in resolving all issues in dispute pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16.
- (b) If the parties have agreed upon a terminal procedure, the procedure shall be reduced to writing and shall be submitted to the Director of Arbitration for approval. The Director of Arbitration, within 10 days of receipt of the submission of a mutually agreed upon terminal procedure, shall notify the parties as to whether such procedure has been approved.
- (c) If the parties have failed to agree upon a terminal procedure, each party shall file a statement with the Director of Arbitration, within 17 days after the joint filing or receipt of the notice of filing, indicating the reasons for its inability to agree on a procedure. The failure of a party to submit such a statement or the substance of the statement shall not provide a basis for any delay in effectuating the provisions of this subchapter.
- (d) At any time before the arbitrator takes testimony or evidence, the parties may submit a mutually agreed-upon modification of the terminal procedure to the Director of Arbitration for approval. At any time after the arbitrator takes testimony or evidence, but before the close of the hearing, the parties may submit an agreed-upon modification of the terminal procedure to the assigned arbitrator for approval.

New Rule, R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Former N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.4 "Contents of the notification or petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration", recodified to 19:16-5.3.

Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

19:16-5.5 Response to the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration

- (a) In the absence of a joint petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration, the non-petitioning party shall file within 14 days of receipt of a notice of filing, a statement of response setting forth the following:
 - 1. Any additional unresolved issues to be submitted to arbitration;
- 2. A statement as to whether it disputes the identification of any of the issues as economic or non-economic;
- 3. A statement as to whether it refuses to submit any of the issues listed on the notification or petition to arbitration on the ground that such issue is not within the required scope of negotiations; and
- 4. Any other relevant information with respect to the nature of the impasse.
- (b) Proof of service on the petitioner of the respondent's statement shall be supplied to the Director of Arbitration. If a party has not submitted a response within the time specified, it shall be deemed to have agreed to the request for the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration as submitted by the filing party. The substance of this response shall not provide the basis for any delay in effectuating the provisions of this chapter.

- (c) Where a dispute exists with regard to whether an unresolved issue is within the required scope of negotiations, the party asserting that an issue is not within the required scope of negotiations shall file with the Commission a petition for scope of negotiations determination pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:13. This petition must be filed within 14 days of receipt of the notice of filing of the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration. The failure of a party to file a petition for scope of negotiations determination shall be deemed to constitute an agreement to submit all unresolved issues to compulsory interest arbitration.
- (d) Where a dispute exists regarding the identification of an issue as economic or non-economic, the party contesting the identification of the issue shall file with the Commission a petition for issue definition determination. This petition must be filed within 14 days of receipt of the notice of filing of the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration or within five days after receipt of the response to the petition requesting the initiation of compulsory interest arbitration. The failure of a party to file a petition for issue definition determination shall be deemed to constitute an agreement to submit all unresolved issues to compulsory interest arbitration.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Rewrote (a).

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a). Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001. See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

19:16-5.6 Appointment of an arbitrator or panel of arbitrators

- (a) The Commission shall maintain a special panel of interest arbitrators. Members of this panel shall be appointed for three-year terms following a screening process as set forth in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(e) and pursuant to the standards set forth in N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.15. Reappointments to the panel shall also be contingent upon a similar screening process. The arbitrators appointed pursuant to this subchapter shall be from this special panel. All arbitrators appointed by the Commission shall be considered officers of the Commission while performing duties pursuant to this subchapter. The Commission may suspend, remove, or otherwise discipline an arbitrator for violating the Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act or for good cause in accordance with the procedures set forth at N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.16. Any arbitrator who fails to attend the Commission's annual continuing education program under section 4 of the Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act may be removed from the special panel. Any arbitrator who fails to participate in the continuing education program for two consecutive years shall be removed.
- (b) Within 17 days of the filing of a joint petition, or a non-petitioning party's receipt of a notice of filing, the parties shall notify the Director of Arbitration in writing of any mutual agreement to select an arbitrator from the special panel of arbitrators. The parties may also jointly request the appointment of a particular arbitrator who is not a member of the Commission's special panel, and the Director of Arbitration may approve the appointment of that arbitrator to the special panel for that particular arbitration.

- (c) In the event that the parties have agreed to a tripartite panel of arbitrators, each party shall communicate in writing to the Director of Arbitration indicating the name, address and telephone number of the arbitration representative designed to the panel. In all such circumstances, the arbitrator appointed by the Director of Arbitration from the Commission's special panel of interest arbitrators shall serve as chairman of the arbitration panel. The arbitration representatives designated by each of the parties need not be members of the Commission's special panel, and shall not be considered officers of the Commission.
- (d) Unless an arbitrator has been mutually selected by the parties, the Director of Arbitration shall select the arbitrator by lot. Once such selection has been made by the Director, the parties may not mutually select a different arbitrator.
- (e) If an arbitrator selected by mutual agreement is unable to serve and the parties are unable to mutually agree on a replacement arbitrator within 10 days of the date the arbitrator became unable to serve, the Director of Arbitration shall select the replacement by lot.
- (f) If an arbitrator assigned by lot is unable to serve and the parties are unable to agree on a replacement arbitrator within 10 days of the date the arbitrator became unable to serve, the Director of Arbitration shall select the replacement arbitrator by lot.
- (g) Any motion to disqualify an interest arbitrator shall be filed with the Commission, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party and the arbitrator. Any response to such motion shall be filed with the Commission within five days of service of the motion, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party and the arbitrator. The Chairman or some other Commission designee shall then either decide the motion or refer it to the arbitrator or the full Commission.

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Rewrote section.

Amended by R.1996 d.326, effective July 15, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2346(a), 28 N.J.R. 3618(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.152, effective April 7, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 105(a), 29 N.J.R. 1399(a).

In (a), inserted references to N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.15 and 19:16-5.16.

Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001.

See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

19:16-5.7 Conduct of the arbitration proceeding

- (a) The conduct of the arbitration proceeding by an arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall be under the exclusive jurisdiction and control of the arbitrator or arbitrators.
- (b) The appointed arbitrator or panel of arbitrators may mediate or assist the parties in reaching a mutually agreeable settlement at any time throughout formal arbitration proceedings.
- (c) Information disclosed by a party to an arbitrator while functioning in a mediatory capacity shall not be divulged by the arbitrator voluntarily or by compulsion. All files, records, reports, documents or other papers received or prepared by an arbitrator while serving in a mediatory capacity shall be classified as confidential. The arbitrator shall not produce any confidential records of, or testify in regard to, any mediation conducted by the arbitrator, on behalf of any party in any type of proceeding under the New Jersey Employer- Employee Relations Act, as amended, including, but not limited to, unfair practice proceedings under N.J.A.C. 19:14.
 - (d) The arbitrator may administer oaths, conduct hearings, and require the

attendance of such witnesses and the production of such books, papers, contracts, agreements, and documents as the arbitrator may deem material to a just determination of the issues in dispute, and for such purpose may issue subpoenas and shall entertain any motions to quash such subpoenas. Any hearings conducted shall not be public unless all parties agree to have them public.

- (e) Unless a terminal procedure has been mutually agreed to by the parties and approved by the Director of Arbitration, the procedure to provide finality for the resolution of unsettled issues shall be conventional arbitration. The arbitrator shall separately determine whether the total net annual economic changes for each year of the agreement are reasonable under the eight statutory criteria set forth in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g.
- (f) The arbitrator, after appointment, shall communicate with the parties to arrange for a mutually satisfactory date, time and place for a hearing. In the absence of an agreement, the arbitrator shall have the authority to set the date, time and place for a hearing. The arbitrator shall submit a written notice containing arrangements for a hearing within a reasonable time period before hearing. At least 10 days before the hearing, the parties shall submit to the arbitrator or tripartite panel of arbitrators and to each other their final offers on each economic and non-economic issue in dispute. The arbitrator may accept a revision of such offer at any time before the arbitrator takes testimony or evidence or, if the parties agree to permit revisions and the arbitrator approves such an agreement, before the close of the hearing. Upon taking testimony or evidence, the arbitrator shall notify the parties that their offers shall be deemed final, binding and irreversible unless the arbitrator approves an agreement between the parties to permit revisions before the close of the hearing.
- (g) The arbitrator's authority shall be limited to those issues which are within the required scope of negotiations, unless the parties have mutually agreed to submit issues to the arbitrator which involve permissive subjects of negotiation.
- (h) The arbitrator shall be permitted to take evidence, but shall not render a decision on any issue which is the subject of a petition for a scope of negotiations determination filed with the Commission or on any issue which is the subject of an issue definition proceeding pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:16-6.
- (i) The arbitrator shall have the authority to grant adjournments for good cause shown upon either party's application or the arbitrator's own motion.
- (j) The arbitrator, after duly scheduling the hearing, shall have the authority to proceed in the absence of any party who, having failed to obtain an adjournment, does not appear at the hearing. Such party shall be deemed to have waived its opportunity to provide argument and evidence.
- (k) The parties, at the discretion of the arbitrator, may file post-hearing briefs. The arbitrator, after consultation with the parties, shall have the authority to set a time period for the submission of briefs, but that period shall not exceed 30 days from the close of the hearing. Briefs shall be submitted to the arbitrator along with submission of proof of service on all parties. The parties shall not be permitted to introduce any new factual material in the post-hearing briefs, except upon special permission of the arbitrator.

Amended by R.1986, d.355, effective September 8, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a).

See: 21 N.J.R. 3567(a), 21 N.J.R. 3677(a), 22 N.J.R. 260(a).

Amended by R.1990 d.221, effective May 7, 1990.

See: 22 N.J.R. 330(a), 22 N.J.R. 1380(a).

Amended by R.1991 d.425, effective August 19, 1991.

See: 23 N.J.R. 1296(b), 23 N.J.R. 2525(a). Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a). Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001. See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

19:16-5.8 Stenographic record

A stenographic record shall not be a procedural requirement for the conduct of a hearing. However, any party shall have the right to a stenographic record taken of the arbitration proceeding. The arrangements for a stenographic record must be made by the requesting party after the appointment of the arbitrator. The cost of such record shall be paid by the party requesting it or divided equally between the parties if both make such a request. If a stenographic record is requested by either or both parties, the party or parties making the request shall provide at its/their cost a copy of a transcript to the arbitrator.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-5.9 Opinion and award

If the impasse is not otherwise resolved, the arbitrator or arbitrators shall decide the dispute and issue a written opinion and award within 120 days of the Director of Arbitration's assignment of that arbitrator. The arbitrator or panel of arbitrators, for good cause, may petition the Director of Arbitration for an extension of not more than 60 days. The arbitrator shall notify the parties in writing of such a petition and the Director shall notify the parties and the arbitrator in writing of whether the petition has been granted or denied. The two parties, by mutual consent, may agree to an extension. The parties shall notify the arbitrator and the Director of any such agreement in writing. The notice shall set forth the specific date on which the extension shall expire. Any arbitrator or panel of arbitrators violating the provisions of this section may be subject to suspension, removal or discipline under N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.6. The opinion and award shall be signed and based on a reasonable determination of the issues, giving due weight to those factors listed in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(g) which are judged relevant for the resolution of the specific dispute. In the award, the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall indicate which of the factors are deemed relevant, satisfactorily explain why the others are not relevant, and provide an analysis of the evidence on each relevant factor. The opinion and award shall set forth the reasons for the result reached. Copies of the opinion and award shall be submitted directly to the Director of Arbitration who will then serve the parties simultaneously.

Amended by R.1986 d.355, effective September 8, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a).

Deleted "as expeditiously as possible after the closing of hearing" and substituted "within 45 days after the filing of briefs"; also deleted served simultaneously on the parties of the commission" and substituted "submitted directly to ... the parties simultaneously."

Amended by R.1996 d.240, effective May 20, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1493(a), 28 N.J.R. 2567(a).

19:16-5.10 Code of Professional Responsibility for Arbitrators of Labor- Management Disputes

The arbitrator shall be guided by the objectives and principles set forth in the "Code of Professional Responsibility for Arbitrators of Labor-Management Disputes" of the National Academy of Arbitrators, the American Arbitration Association, and the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

19:16-5.11 Cost of arbitration

- (a) The costs of services performed by the arbitrator shall be borne equally by the parties in accordance with the following fee schedule:
- 1. For arbitrators assigned by lot, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16e(1), the fee shall be \$800.00 per day;
- 2. For arbitrators mutually selected by the parties, the fee shall be a per diem rate, not to exceed \$1,000 per day, set by the arbitrator and filed with the Director of Arbitration.
- (b) Should the parties use an arbitration panel with an appointee of each of the parties, as permitted by N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.6(c), each appointee's fee shall be paid by the party making the appointment. The costs of the services of the special panel member who chairs the panel shall be borne equally by the parties. The fee for the chair of the panel shall be as set forth in (a)1 or 2 above, depending on whether the arbitrator is assigned by lot or mutually selected by the parties.

Amended by R.1998 d.156, effective April 6, 1998.

See: 30 N.J.R. 29(a), 30 N.J.R. 1303(a).

19:16-5.12 Fees for filing and processing interest arbitration petitions

At the time a joint petition to initiate interest arbitration is filed pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.2, each party shall pay a \$150.00 fee. If the petition is filed by one party only, then the petitioning party shall pay a \$150.00 fee upon filing the petition and the non-petitioning party shall pay a \$150.00 fee upon filing its response to the petition pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.5. Fees shall be paid by checks made payable to the "State of New Jersey"; purchase orders may be submitted.

New Rule, R.1996 d.275, effective June 17, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1610(a), 28 N.J.R. 3174(a).

19:16-5.13 Fees for appealing and cross-appealing interest arbitration awards and requests for special permission to appeal interlocutory rulings or orders

At the time a party files a notice of appeal of an interest arbitration award with the Commission, the appealing party shall pay a \$135.00 fee. At the time a party files a notice of cross-appeal of an interest arbitration award with the Commission, the cross-appealing party shall pay a \$135.00 fee. At the time a party files with the Commission a request for special permission to appeal an interlocutory order or ruling, the party shall pay a \$25.00 fee. Fees shall be paid by checks made payable to the "State of New Jersey"; purchase orders may be submitted.

New Rule, R.1996 d.275, effective June 17, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 1610(a), 28 N.J.R. 3174(a).

Amended by R.1997 d.221, effective May 19, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 857(a), 29 N.J.R. 2467(c).

19:16-5.14 Comparability guidelines

- (a) N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g identifies eight factors that an interest arbitrator must consider in reviewing the parties' proposals. The arbitrator must indicate which of the factors listed in that subsection are deemed relevant; satisfactorily explain why the others are not relevant; and provide an analysis of the evidence on each relevant factor. N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g(2)(c) lists as a factor "public employment in the same or similar comparable jurisdictions...." Subsection a of section 5 of P.L. 1995, c.425 requires that the Commission promulgate guidelines for determining the comparability of jurisdictions for the purposes of paragraph (2)(c) of subsection g.
- (b) The guidelines set forth in (c) and (d) below are intended to assist the parties and the arbitrator in focusing on the types of evidence that may support comparability arguments. The guidelines are intended to be instructive but not exhaustive. The arbitrator shall consider any and all evidence submitted pursuant to the comparability guidelines and shall apply these guidelines in addressing the comparability criterion.
- 1. The Public Employment Relations Commission recognizes that the extent to which a party to an arbitration proceeding asserts that comparisons to public employment in the same or similar comparable jurisdictions are relevant to that proceeding is a matter to be determined by that party. The Commission also recognizes that it is the responsibility of each party to submit evidence and argument with respect to the weight to be accorded any such evidence.
- 2. The Commission further recognizes that it is the arbitrator's responsibility to consider all the evidence submitted and to determine the weight of any evidence submitted based upon the guidelines in (c) and (d) below and to determine the relevance or lack of relevance of comparability in relationship to all eight factors set forth in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g. Promulgation of these guidelines is not intended to require that any party submit evidence on all or any of the elements set forth in (c) and (d) below or assert that the comparability factor should or should not be deemed relevant or accorded any particular weight in any arbitration proceeding. Nothing in this section shall preclude the arbitrator from supplementing the factual record by issuing subpoenas to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents. Nor does anything in this section prevent the arbitrator from requesting the parties to supplement their presentations in connection with this factor or any other factor set forth in the law.
 - (c) The following are comparability considerations within the same jurisdiction:
- 1. Wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of law enforcement officers and firefighters;
- 2. Wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of non-uniformed employees in negotiations units;
- 3. Wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of employees not in negotiations units;
 - 4. History of negotiations:
 - i. Relationships concerning wages, salaries, hours and conditions of employment of employees in police and fire units; and
 - ii. History of differentials between uniformed and non-uniformed employees;

| | 5. | Pattern of salary and benefit changes; and Any other considerations deemed relevant by the arbitrator. | | | |
|--------------------|---------|---|----------|---|--|
| | 6. | | | | |
| (d) jurisdictions: | The fol | llowing are comparability considerations for similar comparable | | | |
| | 1. | Geogra | phic: | | |
| | | i. | Neighb | oring or overlapping jurisdictions; | |
| | | ii. | Nearby | jurisdictions; | |
| | | iii. | Size; a | nd | |
| | | iv. | Nature | of employing entity. | |
| | 2. | Socio-economic considerations: | | considerations: | |
| | | i. | Size, de | ensity, and characteristics of population; | |
| | | ii. | Per cap | ita income; | |
| | | iii. | Average | e household income; | |
| | | iv. | Average | e property values; | |
| | | v. | Gain or | loss of assessed value; | |
| | | vi. | Ratable | increases/decreases from year to year; | |
| | | vii. | Tax inc | reases/decreases over last few years; | |
| | | viii. | Cost-of | -living (locally); | |
| | | ix. | Size and | d composition of police force or fire department; | |
| | | х. | Nature | of services provided; | |
| | | xi. | Crime r | ate; | |
| | | xii. | Violent | crime rate; | |
| | | xiii. | Fire inc | ident rate; and | |
| | | xiv. | Fire cri | me rate. | |
| | 3. | Financial considerations: | | erations: | |
| | | i. | Revenu | e: | |
| | | | (1) | Taxes: | |
| | | | | (A) School; | |
| | | | | | |

| | (B) County; |
|--------|--|
| | (C) Municipal; |
| | (D) Special district; |
| | (E) State equalization valuation and ratio; and |
| | (F) Other taxes; |
| (2) | Tax base/ratables; |
| (3) | Equalized tax rate; |
| (4) | Tax collections; |
| (5) | Payments in lieu of taxes; |
| (6) | Delinquent tax and lien collections; |
| (7) | State aid revenues; |
| (8) | Federal aid revenues; |
| (9) | Sale of acquired property; |
| (10) | Budget surplus; |
| (11) | Other miscellaneous revenues; |
| (12) | Prior years surplus appropriated; |
| (13) | Total revenues; |
| (14) | Reserve for uncollected taxes; |
| (15) | Taxes as percentage of total municipal revenues; |
| (16) | All other municipal revenues; |
| (17) | Any other sources of revenue; |
| (18) | Total municipal revenues; and |
| (19) | Budget cap considerations; |
| Expend | litures: |
| (1) | Police protection; |
| (2) | Fire protection; |
| (3) | Total municipal functions; |
| (4) | Police protection as percentage of total municipal |

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- (5) Fire protection as percentage of total municipal functions; and
- (6) Percentage of net debt/bond rating;
- iii. Trends in revenues and expenditures;
- 4. Compensation and other conditions of employment:
 - i. Relative rank within jurisdictions asserted to be comparable;
 - ii. Wage and salary settlements of uniformed employees;
 - iii. Wage and salary settlements of non-uniformed employees in negotiations units;
 - iv. Wage and salary settlements of employees not in negotiations units;
 - v. Top step salaries;
 - vi. Overall compensation:
 - (1) Wage and salaries;
 - (2) Longevity;
 - (3) Holidays;
 - (4) Vacations;
 - (5) Uniform allowance;
 - (6) Medical and hospitalization benefits;
 - (7) Overtime;
 - (8) Leaves of absence;
 - (9) Pensions; and
 - (10) Other retiree benefits;
 - vii. Work schedules;
 - viii. Work hours;
 - ix. Workload:
 - (1) Number of calls or runs per officer; and
 - (2) Other relevant standards for measuring

workload; and

- x. Other conditions of employment; and
- 5. Any other comparability considerations deemed relevant by the arbitrator.

New Rule, R.1996 d.327, effective July 15, 1996. See: 28 N.J.R. 2347(a), 28 N.J.R. 3618(b).

19:16-5.15 Standards for appointment and reappointment to the special panel

- (a) Because any special panel member may be assigned by lot to the most demanding and complex interest arbitration matter, appointments to the special panel will be limited to those labor relations neutrals who, in the Commission's expert judgment, have the demonstrated ability to mediate the most complex labor relations disputes and resolve the most demanding interest arbitration matters in the most professional, competent and neutral manner. No applicant shall have any right or expectation to be appointed or reappointed to the special panel.
- (b) An applicant shall already be a member of the Commission's mediation, fact-finding and grievance arbitration panels, have an impeccable reputation in the labor-management community for professional competence, ethics and integrity, shall have complied with all applicable codes of conduct, and shall demonstrate:
- 1. Ability to write a well-reasoned decision consistent with applicable legal standards and within statutory deadlines;
- 2. Knowledge of labor relations, governmental and fiscal principles relevant to dispute settlement and interest arbitration proceedings;
 - 3. Substantial experience both as a mediator and arbitrator; and
- 4. Competent performance on the Commission's mediation, fact-finding and grievance arbitration panels.
- (c) An applicant's qualifications shall be determined by an overall assessment of the following considerations, with special emphasis to be given to considerations (c)1 through 3 below. An applicant shall, at a minimum, satisfy either considerations (c)1 and 2 below, or (c)2 and 3 below.
- 1. Demonstrated experience as an interest arbitrator and demonstrated ability to write well-reasoned interest arbitration decisions consistent with applicable legal standards and within statutory deadlines. Experience and writing ability shall be evaluated by a review of the cases where the applicant served as an interest arbitrator and a review of the quality of the arbitrator's work product.
- i. To satisfy this consideration, an applicant shall have had at least 15 interest arbitration appointments in the last five years and shall have performed assignments in a superior manner. An applicant shall also submit at least five interest arbitration awards written by the applicant, which awards shall have been well-reasoned, legally sound, and promptly issued. Special emphasis shall be given to New Jersey public sector appointments and awards.
- 2. Demonstrated experience and acceptability as a public or private sector mediator and/or fact-finder. An applicant shall exhibit the ability to serve in

complex and difficult public sector negotiations disputes and shall be evaluated by a review of his or her cases as a mediator and/or fact-finder and the quality of the applicant's performance in those cases.

- i. To satisfy this consideration, an applicant shall have the equivalent of three years of mediation and/or fact-finding experience and shall have performed assignments in a superior manner. Special emphasis will be given to New Jersey public sector assignments.
- 3. Demonstrated experience as a public or private sector grievance arbitrator involving the ability to decide complex and difficult labor relations issues in a fair and objective manner. Experience shall be evaluated by a review of the cases where an applicant served as a grievance arbitrator and the quality of the applicant's work product in those cases.
- i. To satisfy this consideration, an applicant shall have the equivalent of three years of grievance arbitration experience. An applicant shall submit at least 10 awards written by the applicant, which awards shall have been well-reasoned, legally sound, and promptly issued. Special emphasis shall be given to New Jersey public sector awards.
- 4. Membership and offices in the National Academy of Arbitrators or other relevant professional organizations and panel memberships in any labor dispute settlement agency.
- i. This consideration simply augments the considerations in (c)1 through 3 above.
- 5. Formal educational attainments, teaching positions, and professional publications demonstrating knowledge of labor relations, governmental and fiscal principles relevant to dispute settlement and interest arbitration proceedings.
- i. This consideration simply augments the considerations in (c)1 through 3 above.
- 6. Other labor relations, arbitration, governmental or fiscal experience.
- i. This consideration simply augments the considerations in (c)1 through 3 above.
- (d) Every applicant shall complete an application form prepared by the Director of Conciliation and Arbitration. That form is designed to solicit information concerning the foregoing requirements and considerations. The form also allows an applicant the opportunity to submit any other information he or she deems relevant. The Director shall review all applications and make a recommendation to the Commission regarding each one within 60 days. The Commission shall notify an applicant in writing of any action taken upon an application.
- (e) In addition to the requirements and considerations listed in (c) above, an applicant seeking reappointment shall have demonstrated successful service during the terms of his or her previous appointments to the special panel, as measured by:
- 1. The issuance of well-reasoned, legally sound, and timely awards;
 - 2. Compliance with statutory standards and deadlines;

case law requirements; agency regulations, rules, policies, administrative memoranda, and reporting procedures; and

- 3. Any other applicable requirements.
- (f) An applicant for reappointment shall also have abided by the Code of Professional Responsibility for Interest Arbitrators adopted by the New Jersey Public Employment Relations Commission; the Code of Professional Responsibility for Arbitrators of Labor-Management Disputes adopted by the National Academy of Arbitrators, American Arbitration Association, and Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service; and the Code of Professional Conduct for Labor Mediators adopted by the Association of Labor Relations Agencies and the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service. An applicant for reappointment shall also have attended the Commission's continuing education programs, as directed, per N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16.1.
- (g) Satisfying one or more of the considerations listed in (c) above does not necessarily qualify an applicant for appointment or reappointment to the special panel. An appointment or reappointment depends upon the Commission's overall expert assessment of an applicant's ability to handle the most complex and demanding interest arbitration assignments.
- (h) No applicant shall be appointed to the panel who, in the three years prior to the application date, has:
- 1. Served as an advocate for labor or management in the public or private sector;
- 2. Been elected or appointed to a political office or a governing body; or
 - 3. Has served in a partisan political capacity.

New Rule, R.1997 d.152, effective April 7, 1997. See: 29 N.J.R. 105(a), 29 N.J.R. 1399(a).

19:16-5.16 Suspension, removal or discipline of members of the special panel

- (a) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(e), this section provides a procedure to be followed by the Commission in deciding whether to suspend, remove, or otherwise discipline an arbitrator during his or her three-year term.
- (b) If it appears that suspension, removal, or discipline may be warranted, the Director of Conciliation and Arbitration shall provide a written statement to the arbitrator specifying the reasons for the action being considered. The arbitrator shall have an opportunity to submit a prompt written response to the Director. The arbitrator shall also be given an opportunity to meet with the Director to discuss the matter.
- (c) If a suspension or removal is being contemplated, if the arbitrator requests a hearing, and if it appears to the Director that substantial and material facts are in dispute, the Director may designate a hearing officer to conduct a hearing and make findings of fact.
- (d) The Director may temporarily suspend an arbitrator from the panel pending any hearing.
- (e) After receiving the arbitrator's response, meeting with the arbitrator, and considering the facts found at any hearing, the Director may decide to reprimand, suspend, or remove an arbitrator or may decide that no action is warranted. The Director shall send a written decision to the arbitrator.
- (f) Within 14 days of receiving the Director's decision, an arbitrator may file a written appeal of that decision with the Commission. Such appeal shall specify the grounds for disagreeing with the Director's decision.
 - (g) A temporary suspension may be continued pending that appeal.
- (h) The Commission or its designee may sustain, modify, or reverse the action taken by the Director and shall provide the arbitrator with a written statement explaining the basis for that decision.

New Rule, R.1997 d.152, effective April 7, 1997. See: 29 N.J.R. 105(a), 29 N.J.R. 1399(a).

19:16-5.17 Interlocutory rulings; appeal on special permission

- (a) Interlocutory rulings or orders issued before the arbitrator's final written opinion and award under N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)(5) and N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.9 shall not be appealed to the Commission except by special permission to appeal. All such rulings and orders shall become part of the record of the arbitration proceedings and shall be reviewed by the Commission in considering any appeal or cross-appeal from an arbitrator's final award, provided exception to the ruling or order is included in the notice of appeal or cross-appeal filed with the Commission pursuant to N.J.A.C. 19:16-8.1 through 8.3.
- (b) A request for special permission to appeal shall be filed in writing within five days from the service of written rulings or statements of oral rulings, and shall briefly state the grounds for granting special permission to appeal and the grounds for reversing or modifying the ruling or order in question. An original and nine copies of the request shall be filed with the Chair, together with the \$25.00 fee required under N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.13 and proof of service of a copy of the request on all other parties and the arbitrator assigned to the case. A party opposing the request may file an original and nine copies of a statement in opposition within five

days of service on it of the request for special permission to appeal and shall briefly state the grounds for denying special permission to appeal and the grounds for affirming the ruling or order in question. An original and nine copies of the statement shall be filed with the Chair, together with proof of service of a copy on all other parties and the arbitrator assigned to the case.

(c) The Chair has the authority to grant or deny special permission to appeal. If the Chair grants special permission to appeal, the arbitration proceeding shall not be stayed unless otherwise ordered by the Chair. The Commission shall consider an appeal on the papers submitted to the Chair, or on such further submission as it may require.

New Rule, R.1997 d.221, effective May 19, 1997.

See: 29 N.J.R. 857(a), 29 N.J.R. 2467(c).

SUBCHAPTER 6. DETERMINATION OF DISPUTES OVER ISSUE DEFINITION

19:16-6.1 Purpose of procedure

The purpose of this subchapter is to provide an expeditious procedure for the resolution of disputes as to whether an issue is an economic or a non-economic issue as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)(2).

19:16-6.2 **Procedure**

- (a) Whenever there is a dispute between the parties as to whether an issue is an economic or a non-economic issue, either party or the parties jointly may file with the Commission a petition for issue definition determination. A blank form for filing a request for issue definition will be supplied upon request. Address requests to: Public Employment Relations Commission, PO Box 429, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0429.
- (b) An original and four copies of such a petition together with proof of service upon the other party shall be filed with the Commission and shall be signed and dated and shall contain the following information:
- 1. The name and address of the public employer that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the public employer;
- 2. The name and address of the exclusive representative that is a party to the collective negotiations; the name, address, telephone number, and title of its representative to be contacted; and the name, address and telephone number of any attorney/consultant representing the exclusive representative;
- 3. A description of the collective negotiations unit, including the approximate number of employees in the unit;
- 4. A listing of the item or items on which there is a dispute as to the definition of the issue or issues as economic or non-economic issues.
- 5. A brief or statement in lieu of brief indicating the arguments relied upon to support the definition of the disputed issue or issues favored by the party filing the petition.
- 6. A list of any other actions before the Commission or any other administrative agency, arbitrator or court which the petitioner(s) knows about and which involve

the same or similar issues;

- 7. Whether the request is a joint request.
- (c) The party opposing the definition of the disputed issue or issues set forth in the petition may submit to the Commission within 10 days of receipt of the petition its position with respect to each disputed issue or issues, together with a brief or statement in lieu of brief to support its position. Failure to submit such a response shall be deemed to indicate acceptance of the issue definition advanced by the petitioner. A copy of the response must be served on the petitioner and proof of such service must be filed with the Commission.
- (d) The parties may jointly submit a petition for issue definition determination along with their briefs or statements in lieu of briefs.
- (e) To expedite the resolution of a petition for issue definition determination, determinations pursuant to this proceeding normally will be made on the basis of written submissions without a hearing. However, a hearing may be requested by one or both of the parties or the Chairman or such other Commission designee. A request for a hearing shall be made in writing and shall be submitted no later than five days after receipt of the position of the party opposing the definition of the disputed issue or issues set forth in the petition. Failure to submit such a request shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing. A request for a hearing shall not be used for the purposes of delay.
- (f) Based upon the parties' submissions, the Chairman or other such Commission designee shall render a written determination which classifies the disputed issue or issues as economic or non-economic issues as defined in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16(f)2.
- (g) Determination pursuant to this subchapter shall not be reviewable in any proceeding before this Commission.

Amended by R.1986 d.355, effective September 8, 1986.

See: 18 N.J.R. 1358(a), 18 N.J.R. 1839(a).

Amended by R.1996 d.365, effective October 21, 1996.

See: 28 N.J.R. 2801(a), 28 N.J.R. 4598(a).

SUBCHAPTER 7. FAILURE TO SUBMIT A NOTICE OR OTHER DOCUMENT

19:16-7.1 Failure to submit a notice or other document

The failure to submit any notification, petition, statement or other document as set forth in these rules shall not provide the basis for any delay in these proceedings, nor shall it otherwise prevent or preclude the resolution of a dispute through compulsory interest arbitration pursuant to this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER 8. APPEALS

19:16-8.1 Appeals and cross-appeals

- (a) Within 14 days after receiving an award forwarded by the Director of Arbitration, an aggrieved party may file an original and nine copies of a notice of appeal to the Commission, together with the \$135.00 fee required under N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.13.
- 1. The notice shall specify each alleged failure of the arbitrator to apply the criteria specified in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g and each alleged violation of the standards set forth in N.J.S.A. 2A:24-8 or 2A:24-9.

- 2. If a stenographic record of the hearing was prepared, the appellant shall provide a copy of the transcript to the Commission.
- 3. Filings shall be accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.
- 4. The appellant shall also file a copy of the notice on the arbitrator.
- 5. Within 14 days after filing a notice of appeal, the appellant shall file an original and nine copies of a brief in support of the appeal, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party. The appellant shall simultaneously file an original and nine copies of an appendix containing those parts of the record the appellant considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues, including such parts as the appellant should reasonably assume will be relied upon by the respondent in meeting the issues raised.
- (b) Within seven days after the service of an appeal, the respondent may file a notice of cross-appeal to the Commission, together with the \$135.00 fee required under N.J.A.C. 19:16-5.13.
- 1. The notice shall specify each alleged failure of the arbitrator to apply the criteria specified in N.J.S.A. 34:13A-16g and each alleged violation of the standards set forth in N.J.S.A. 2A:24-8 or 2A:24-9.
- 2. Filings shall be accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.
- 3. The cross-appellant shall also file a copy of the notice of cross-appeal on the arbitrator.
- 4. Within 14 days after filing a notice of cross-appeal, the cross-appellant shall file an original and nine copies of a brief in support of the cross-appeal and in response to the appeal, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party. The respondent/cross-appellant may also file an original and nine copies of an appendix containing those parts of the record not included in the appellant's appendix that the respondent/cross-appellant considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues.
- (c) Where no cross-appeal is being filed, within seven days after the service of a brief in support of the appeal, the respondent shall file an original and nine copies of an answering brief limited to the issues raised in the appeal and the brief in support of the appeal. The respondent may also file an original and nine copies of an appendix containing those parts of the record not included in the appellant's appendix that the respondent considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues. Filings shall be accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.

- (d) Where a cross-appeal has been filed, within seven days after the service of the brief in support of the cross-appeal, the appellant/cross-respondent may file an original and nine copies of an answering brief limited to the issues raised in the cross-appeal and the brief in support of the cross-appeal. The appellant/cross-respondent may also file an appendix containing those parts of the record not included in any earlier appendix that the appellant/cross-respondent considers necessary to the proper consideration of the issues raised in the cross-appeal. Filing shall be accompanied by the proof of service of a copy on the other party.
- (e) No further briefs shall be filed except by leave of the Commission. A request for leave shall be in writing, accompanied by proof of service of a copy on the other party.

Amended by R.2001 d.215, effective July 2, 2001. See: 33 N.J.R. 1170(a), 33 N.J.R. 2282(a).

19:16-8.2 Oral argument

Any request for oral argument before the Commission shall be in writing on a separate piece of paper and shall be filed simultaneously with the appeal or cross-appeal, together with proof of service of a copy on the other party. The Commission shall notify the parties if the request for oral argument is granted and of the time and place of any oral argument.

19:16-8.3 Action by the Commission

The Commission may affirm, modify, correct or vacate the award or may, at its discretion, remand the award to the same arbitrator or to another arbitrator for reconsideration. If the parties are unable to agree upon a replacement arbitrator within 10 days of the remand order, the arbitrator shall be selected by lot.